



SOUTH-WEST  
UNIVERSITY  
NEOFIT RILSKY

BLAGOEVGRAD, BULGARIA

VOLUME 5  
**2007**

# SCIENTIFIC Research

ISSN 1312-7535

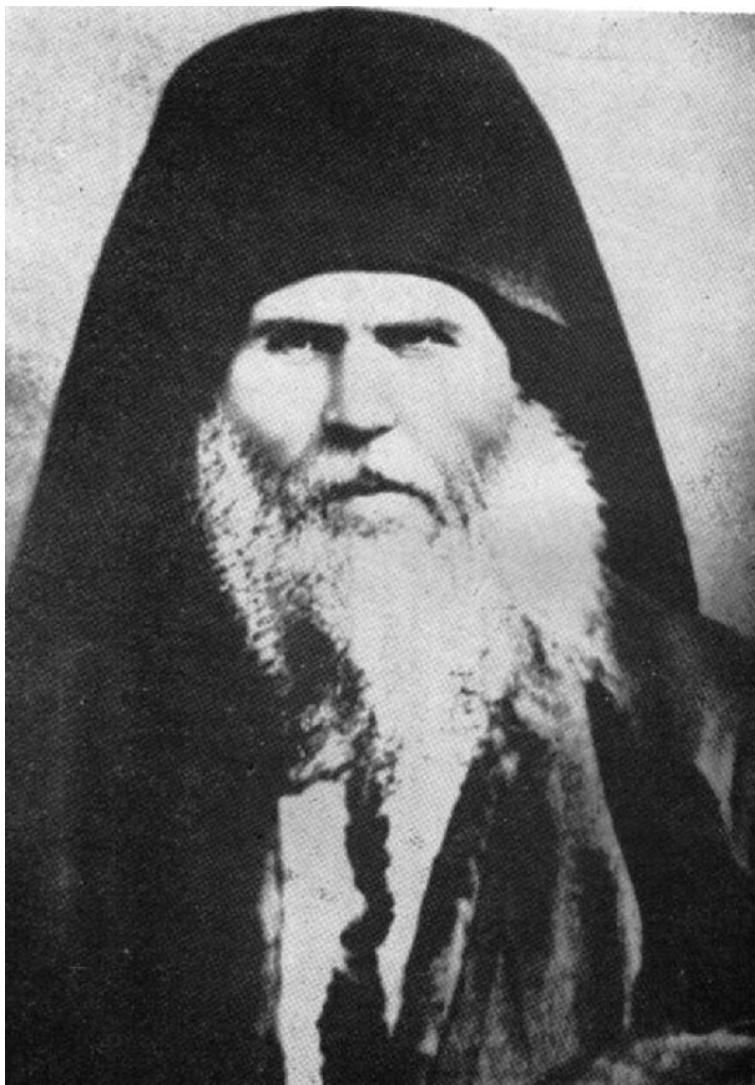
ELECTRONIC  
ISSUE

**Parallels between Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730) &  
Neofit Rilski (1793-1881)**

**Prof. Yavor Konov, Ph.D., Dr.Sc.**

Department of Music, Faculty of Arts,  
Southwest University Neofit Rilski

This article is a resume of the official open academic lecture „*Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730) & Neofit Rilski (1793-1881): clerics, erudites, bookmen, educators, enlighteners, musicians, lexicographers...*” which was presented by me on the days of the special celebration of the 30<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Southwest University Neofit Rilski in Blagoevgrad (the leading educational, scientific and art institution in Southwestern Bulgaria and one of the leaders on the Balkan Peninsula in these fields). Neofit Rilski (Neophyte Rilsky) is an exceptional person! If he had lived in another epoch – and another place, in some of the leading economically as well as culturally developed countries – along with if he had observed the necessary etiquette and had the chance, Neofit Rilski would have been an outstanding figure in the world history and culture.



After having translated from facsimile the first European Modern Dictionary of Music (written in current language – French), namely *Dictionnaire (sic, Y.K.) de Musique, contenant une explication des Termes Grecs, Latins, Italiens, & François, les plus usitez dans la Musique (Dictionary of Music...)*, Seconde édition, 1705 (R Frits Knuf, Hilversum, 1965) by the French cleric and musician Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730), I was highly intrigued by his personality and works. I examined closely almost all of the existing literature that was related to him and I dedicated to him my large doctor's dissertation (there are two doctoral degrees in Bulgaria – Philosophy Doctor and Doctor of Sciences), named “*Lexicographic and Historiographic Legacy of Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730) – a cleric, musician and erudite*”. Sébastien de Brossard was almost unknown in Bulgaria, even among experts.



Sébastien de Brossard, par Landry  
© Cliché Bibliothèque nationale de France, Paris

On the other hand, Neofit Rilski is well known in Bulgaria because he is one of the most prominent figures in the enlightenment, literary and cultural movements which took place in the 1830s in the country. He was a cleric and a patriot of high intellect, spirit, morality and ethics, duteous and responsible, a man of self respect, diligence and capacity for work having a great clerical and encyclopedic knowledge for this time period. He made sense of other people's experience and accumulated experience of his own through his position as a teacher in Gabrovo and Koprivshtitsa – he was a pedagogue and an author of some books and textbooks, an educator and a preacher on clerical and state matters. Neofit Rilski played a major role in the process of reformation and expansion of the education in Bulgaria: the transition from monastery schools to new Bulgarian democratic state schools. Unfortunately, Neofit Rilski is not famous abroad.

So, I made a **parallel between these two outstanding characters**, so **different** and so **alike**, belonging to **two hardly comparable epochs and cultures**:

- to **catholic absolutist France of 18<sup>th</sup> century** (a leading European power and culture of that period) and
- to **Eastern Orthodox Pre-liberation Bulgaria within the Ottoman Empire of 19<sup>th</sup> century** (a period when the industrial revolution had already changed the world dramatically).

This period is characterised by both the historically determined separation of Bulgaria and the significant lagging behind from the evolution and modernization of Western Europe and the impressive recovery since the time of Paisii and Neofit Rilski to our recent time as a member state of the European Union.

There **used to be and still are many Bulgarian scholars, who have proved to be leading specialists in their fields and who work abroad as well as in Bulgaria and many of them are product of the Bulgarian system of education**. I am pleased to say that in the process of work on the previously mentioned *Dictionary of Music* by Sébastien de Brossard, which included translation, giving meaning to this work, comments, I made a reshuffle of the themes, which outlined and systematized 12 groups of terms (and 33 subgroups) and quantified them statistically; these presented the spheres of knowledge of this epoch and their characteristics – something which hadn't crossed the minds of the greatest experts on French Baroque in music from the Center of Baroque music in

Versailles. “We are talking about a remarkable work, the approach towards *Dictionary of Music* by Sébastien de Brossard offers a new and promising point of view concerning the study of lexicographic units in the dictionary and their rearrangement in thematic “classes”. This systematic and statistical study has an innovative approach which could be applied and arouse interest for the aggregate of theoretical tractates of 17<sup>th</sup> and 18<sup>th</sup> century. Actually Mr. Konov’s works are an integral part of the fields of study of the Research Studio of Center of Baroque music in Versailles which started the publishing of the musical works of Sébastien de Brossard within the *Monumentalia* collection a few years ago. Mr. Konov’s research and results legitimate the contemporary review of the *Dictionary of Music* by Sébastien de Brossard, which is complemented by this lexicographic study. It would be honour for us to realize this publication within the Center of Baroque music in Versailles and to entrust it to the care of Mr. Konov. Versailles, 20 March, 2006.” Please do not consider this immodesty: I would just like to “draw the circle” – I have studied and specialized in Bulgaria and have the pleasure and privilege to work in SWU Neofit Rilski. In other words I have participated actively and am still participating – within my field of study and my time – in the outstanding Bulgarian “recovery” process.

**So I studied and compared the epochs of Sébastien de Brossard and Neofit Rilski in detail** (Absolutist France and Bulgaria within the Ottoman Empire from the time of Neofit Rilski: “His monastic clothing could be seen throughout the century of reign of the sultans Selim III, Mustafa IV, Abdulite Medjis, Azis and Hamid”, as quoted by writings of the Neurocopian Head of metropolis Pimen).

**And OUTLINED THE FOLLOWING PARALELS BETWEEN Sébastien de Brossard and Neofit Rilski:**

1.1. De Brossard was a French catholic cleric, a noble from absolutist France, the greatest European power at that time (18<sup>th</sup> century).

1.2. Neofit Rilski was a Bulgarian Eastern Orthodox cleric originating from a wealthy, active and public spirited family on both his father’s and mother’s side, who lived in Bulgaria just before its Liberation (19<sup>th</sup> century) from the Ottoman Empire and who witness this national Liberation.

2.1. The personal, cultural and socio-professional development of De Brossard is determined and limited to a great extent by the limitations of a society, both dynamic and established, whose social groups and classes control their boundaries strictly. His petty noble status and his insignificant financial resources together with the lack of relations to any high-ranking members from the Church and Court determined the limitations in his professional growth in the Church hierarchy out of the Court spectrum.

2.2. The family environment of Neofit Rilski probably played a role in his choice of profession in the Bulgarian Eastern Orthodox Church (his father was a priest), it also determined his cultural interests and self discipline, and moulded his self-respecting character (due to his wealthy family origin?). The influence of his social environment in the Eastern Orthodox Bulgarian village of Bansko, a center of culture and trade probably formed his duteousness and patriotism. It is difficult to determine the extent of each influence.

3.1. The intellectual and creative gifts of de Brossard as well as his education in the catholic Jesuitical schools in combination with his active mind, hard work and capacity for this work are the basis for his strong positions as a musician-both practician and theorist, with encyclopedic interests but with marked affinity to music. De Brossard remains famous as a musician and lexicographer.

De Brossard gathered a huge in content and value personal library and systemized it methodically and with care into a Catalogue which he later gave as a donation to the Royal Library: this is currently the most significant “data base” on the theory and practice of music from that time and region.

The catholic French cleric de Brossard was greatly influenced by the Italian culture and especially by the music but he searched for and found the right balance between the Italian and French style and preferences in his work as a musician, pedagogue, composer, theoretic and lexicographer.

3.2. The Orthodox Bulgarian cleric Neofit Rilski was under the strong influence of the ancient Greek and modern Greek culture but he was a Bulgarian, taught Bulgarian language and became the patron and father of the new Bulgarian state education in his work as a bookman, enlightener and teacher (although he worked under the clerical power of the Greek Patriarchate!). He laid the due weigh on the ancient and modern

Greek culture and on the Russian culture as well but this did not deflect him from his original position of a Bulgarian bookman and teacher.

### 3.3. Both were ardent bibliophiles!

4.1. Unfortunately “The Italianist” De Brossard never realized his dream to visit Italy! As a matter of fact he never left France, and he did not travel much within its borders either, especially after he settled down in Meaux where he spent the last 32 years of his life!

4.2. “The Hellenist” Neofit Rilski managed to visit Mount Athos (although it was a 10- day- trip only) and he worked on the island of Halki in the High Clerical Greek School (he was the first Bulgarian university professor) and taught Church-Slavonic language and literature there, which was a mark of great recognition!

5.1. The *Dictionary of Music* by Sébastien de Brossard, which was printed in few editions, was only the first step towards the works of his lifetime – the *Dictionnaire des auteurs* (*Dictionary of Authors*), the *Dictionnaire dogmatique* (*Systematic Dictionary*) and the *Traité général de la musique* (*General Treatise on Music*), which remained unprinted or disappeared (only the draft manuscripts on them have been preserved and there is still a lot of work to be done on them by researchers in the field of history and theory of music).

Many scholars in France and all over the world (including me) have devoted their hearts, minds, time and efforts to this research activity. The leading French (and world) institution – The Research Studio within the Center of Baroque music in Versailles – dedicated many years of research to de Brossard ‘s work, it organized conferences, symposiums etc. and published all of his printed and unprinted musical works, as well as the Catalogue of his personal library.

5.2. The work of Neofit Rilski’s lifetime – his *Lexicon* – to which he devoted 6 decades and revised completely from Greek-Bulgarian to Bulgarian-Greek remains unpublished. His enormous Psaltikia also remains unpublished. *I am wondering: Don’t we, not only our colleagues in the field of musicology from the Study of Art Institute within the Bulgarian Academy of Science, but also the colleagues from the Southwest University Neofit Rilski, all have a bounden duty to Neofit Rilski and his deed?*

### 6. In conclusion I would like to state that:

**The deed of the Frenchman Sébastien de Brossard – a lexicographer and collector – is of international significance but to a certain field of culture.**

**The deed of the Bulgarian Neofit Rilski is of great and fundamental significance to our educational system, our national self-awareness and culture.**

## **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

### **I Concerning Sébastien de Brossard**

1. Конов, Я.: „Библиографското наследство на Себастиан дъо Бросар”. В: *Музиката – традиции и съвременност*. Годишник на катедра Музика, том II, изд. ЮЗУ „Н. Рилски”, Благоевград, 2005, стр. 85-86
2. Конов, Я.: „Два документа, свързани със Себастиан дъо Бросар”. Част 1. *Музикални хоризонти*, София, 2003, кн. 5, стр. 22-25
3. Конов, Я.: „Два документа, свързани със Себастиан дъо Бросар”. Част 2. *Музикални хоризонти*, София, 2003, кн. 6, стр. 29-31
4. Конов, Я.: „За Каталога на Авторите, оповестен от Себастиан дъо Бросар като допълнение към неговия *Dictionnaire* (sic, Я. К.) *de musique* (във второто му издание, от 1705)”. В: *Българско историческо музикознание (подходи и конкретизации)*, София, Съюз на българските композитори, 2005, стр. 19-40
5. Конов, Я.: „За Себастиан дъо Бросар”. *Музика. Вчера. Днес*, София, 2001, кн. 1, стр. 80-88
6. Конов, Я.: „Марк-Антоан Шарпантие работи за Евровизия”. *Музика. Вчера. Днес*, София, 2003, кн. 4, стр. 34-42 и 76-80
7. Конов, Я.: „Отново Шарпантие подбужда интерес”. *Музика. Вчера. Днес*, София, 2003, кн. 5, стр. 15-25 и 77-87
8. Конов, Я.: „Отражението на *Rечника* на Себастиан дъо Бросар върху следващи лексикографски издания от същата епоха. Опит за сравнение с първото от тях – *Музикалния лексикон* на Валтер (1732)”, *Българско музикознание*, София, Българска академия на науките, 2006, кн. 2, стр. 87-101
9. Конов, Я.: „Себастиан дъо Бросар (1655-1730): Речник по музика, съдържащ обяснение на най-употребяваните в музиката гръцки, латински, италиански & френски термини (Париж, Балар, 1703)”, доклад, Теоретична конференция “Специфика на научно-изследователската и на педагогическата работа в областта на изкуствата”. Организатори: Институт за изкуствознание към Българска академия на науките – София, Академия за музикално и танцово изкуство – Пловдив, със съдействието на Съюза на българските композитори. Пловдив, АМТИ, 8 май 2003
10. Конов, Я.: „Социо-културални и професионални проблеми на духовника-музикант и ерудит в епохата на „Краля-Сълънце”, *Българско музикознание*, София, Българска академия на науките, 2006, кн. 1, стр. 99-124

11. Конов, Я.: „Триста години от отпечатването на първия френски речник по музика: Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730): *Dictionnaire (sic, Я.К.) de musique, contenant une explication des Termes Grecs, Italiens, Latins, & François, les plus usitez dans la Musique* (Paris, Ballard, 1703)”. Седмица на френската култура, Благоевград, април (17) 2003
12. Конов, Я.: *Себастиан дъо Бросар и неговият речник по музика*. София, Музикално общество “Васил Стефанов”, 2003
13. Anthony, J. R.: „Brossard, Sébastien de”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980/R1996, vol. 3, p. 336-337
14. Asselineau, G. (1995): „Sébastien de Brossard à Meaux”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 67-75
15. Asselineau, G.: „Le clergé autour de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Editions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Editions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 313-325
16. Asselineau, G.: „Sébastien de Brossard, un musicien oublié. 1995, année du souvenir”. In: *Revue d'Histoire et d'Art de la Brie et du Pays de Meaux*, No 46, 1995, p. 111-116
17. Asselineau, G.: „Sébastien de Brossard: la vie d'un chanoine à Meaux”. In: *Sébastien de Brossard à Versailles*, Versailles, Editions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, 1995
18. Barthélémy, M.: „Lecerf de la Viéville de Fresneuse”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*, sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 168
19. Benneit, L. E.: „Bononcini [Buononcini], Giovanni Maria”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980, R/1996, vol. 3, p. 28-30
20. Benoit, M., Ch. M. Carroll, J.-F. и N. Dupont-Danic: „Philidor [Filidor] (les) Danicans”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*. Sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 552-554
21. Bonta, St.: „Introduction”. In: *Sébastien de Brossard: Musique instrumentale*. Éd. S. Bonta, Versailles, Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, 1995
22. Bonta, St.: „The practice concerning the use of accidentals and the continuo in Brossard's instrumental music”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998
23. Bouchon, M.-Fr., R. Harris-Warrick: „Loure.” In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*. Sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 413

24. Bourreau, L.: „Un musicien bibliophile: Sébastien de Brossard, Maître de musique de la Cathédrale de Meaux”. *Bulletin de la société littéraire et historique de la Brie*, XV (1936)
25. Brenet, M.: *Sébastien de Brossard – prêtre, compositeur, écrivain et bibliophile (165...-1730). D'après ses papiers inédits*. Paris, Nogent-le-Rotrou, 1896/R Genève, Minkoff, 1998
26. Brossard, Fr. de: *Généalogies des Brossard de Basse-Normandie: le milieu du XVe siècle au milieu du XVIIIe*. Paris, l'auteur, 1976
27. Brossard, S. de. *Dictionnaire* (sic, Я.К.) *de musique, contenant une explication des Termes Grecs, Latins, Italiens, & François, les plus usitez dans la Musique*. Seconde édition, 1705, R Hilversum, Frits Knuf, 1965
28. Brossard, S. de: *Cantates françaises et italiennes*. Éditeur scientifique J. Dorival. Collection Monumentales – S. de Brossard, 1997, LXXV-180 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles
29. Brossard, S. de: *Dictionary of Music (Dictionnaire de Musique*, Paris, 1703). Translated and edited by A. Gruber, Institute of Mediæval Music (Musical Theorists in Translation, Vol. XII), Henryville-Ottawa-Binningen, 1982
30. Brossard, S. de: *Dissertation sur cette espece* (sic, Я.К.) *de concert qu'on nomme cantate*. In: Brossard, S. de: *Cantates françaises et italiennes*. Éditeur scientifique J. Dorival. Collection Monumentales III.4 – S. de Brossard, 1997, LXXV-180 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. XXIII-XXIV
31. Brossard, S. de: *L'œuvre chorale*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales – S. de Brossard, 1993, XLVII-186 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles
32. Brossard, S. de: *Les Grands motets*. Éditeur scientifique J. Krucker. Collection Monumentales – S. de Brossard, 1995, XLI-170 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles
33. Brossard, S. de: *Les Oratorios*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales – S. de Brossard, 1998, LV-62 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles
34. Brossard, S. de: *Les Petits motets manuscrits*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales – S. de Brossard, 1997, LXV-201 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles
35. Brossard, Y. de: „Introduction”. In: *La collection Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730). Catalogue*. Édité et présenté par Y. de Brossard. Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France, 1994, p. 2-32

36. Brossard, Y. de (1995): „La vie de Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730)”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 167-175
37. Brossard, Y. de: „Avant propos”. In: Brenet, M.: *Sébastien de Brossard – prêtre, compositeur, écrivain et bibliophile (165...-1730). D'après ses papiers inédits*. Paris, Nogent-le-Rotrou, 1896/R Genève, Minkoff, 1998, p. 5
38. Brossard, Y. de: „Brossard, Sébastien de”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*. Sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 90-92
39. Brossard, Y. de: „Brossard, Sébastien de”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, second edition, edited by St. Sadie and J. Tyrrell, London, 2001: [www.grovemusic.com](http://www.grovemusic.com), справка 2002
40. Brossard, Y. de: „Sébastien de Brossard: Un aperçu des œuvres qu'il fit exécuter à Strasbourg et à Meaux”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998
41. Brossard, Y. de: *Sébastien de Brossard – théoricien et compositeur, encyclopédiste et maître de chapelle*. Paris, Picard, 1987
42. Buelow, G.: „Gibelius [Gibel], Otto”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980, R/1996, vol. 7, p. 360
43. Buelow, G.: „Walther, Johann Gottfried”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980, R/1996, vol. 11, p. 191-193
44. Cessac, C.: „Les relations musicales d'Élisabeth Jacquet de La Guerre et de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 43-57
45. Combarieu, J.: "Compositeurs français du XVIIe siècle: Sébastien de Brossard", RHCM, i (1901)
46. Couvreur, M.: „Le goût littéraire de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 165-179
47. Dévriès-Lesure, A.: „Foucault, Henri”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*. Sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 302
48. Dorival, J.: „Introduction”. In: Brossard, S. de: *Cantates françaises et italiennes*. Éditeur scientifique J. Dorival. Collection Monumentales III.4 – S. de Brossard, 1997, LXXV-180 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. V-XXII
49. Ducles, V.: „Dictionnaire de musique de Sébastien de Brossard”. *Notes*, 24/4 (june 1968)

50. Duron, J. (1992): „Aspects de la présence italienne dans la musique française de la fin du XVIIe siècle”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 97-115
51. Duron, J. (1995): „Un portrait de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 177-190
52. Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998
53. Duron, J.: „Avant propos”. In: Duron, J.: *L'œuvre de Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730). Catalogue thématique*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1995, p. IX
54. Duron, J.: „Chronologie”. In: Duron, J.: *L'œuvre de Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730). Catalogue thématique*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1995, p. CXIX-CXXI
55. Duron, J.: „Introduction”. In: Brossard, S. de: *L'œuvre chorale*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales III.1 – S. de Brossard, 1993, XLVII-186 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. VII-XIX
56. Duron, J.: „Introduction”. In: Brossard, S. de: *Les Oratorios*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales III.5 – S. de Brossard, 1998, LV-62 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. V-XX
57. Duron, J.: „Introduction”. In: Brossard, S. de: *Les Petits motets manuscrits*. Éditeur scientifique J. Duron. Collection Monumentales III.3 – S. de Brossard, 1997, LXV-201 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. V-XXVII
58. Duron, J.: „Introduction”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. XI-CXVIII
59. Duron, J.: „Les papiers personnels de Brossard: proposition de classification”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 61-101
60. Duron, J.: „Un portrait de Sébastien de Brossard”. *Sébastien de Brossard à Versailles*, Versailles, Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, 1995
61. Duron, J.: *L'œuvre de Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730). Catalogue thématique*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1995
62. Froger, L.: „Sébastien de Brossard”. *La Province du Maine*, XVI (1908)
63. Gester, J.-L. (1995): „Strasbourg (1687-1699)”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 57-65

64. Gester, J.-L.: „Sébastien de Brossard à Strasbourg: une expérience "allemande" de la musique italienne”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 25-41
65. Gester, J.-L.: „Sébastien de Brossard à Strasbourg”. *Sébastien de Brossard à Versailles*, Versailles, Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, 1995
66. Gœhlinger, Fr.-A.: „Sébastien de Brossard (1654?-1730) – Strassburger Domkapellmeister 1689-1698”. *Cæcilia*, 64 (1956) 65 (1957)
67. Gœhlinger, Fr.-A.: *La musique à la cathédrale de Strasbourg sous Louis XIV*, Strasbourg, 1920
68. Gordon-Seifert, C. E.: „La réplique galante: Sébastien de Brossard's airs as Conversation”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 181-201
69. Grand, C. (1995): „La bibliothèque de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 191-199
70. Grand, C.: „La Bibliothèque de Sébastien de Brossard, Sébastien de Brossard à Versailles”, Versailles, Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, 1995
71. Gruber, A.: „Translator's Preface” In: Brossard, S. de: *Dictionary of Music (Dictionnaire de Musique*, Paris, 1703). Translated and edited by A. Gruber, Institute of Mediæval Music (Musical Theorists in Translation, Vol. XII), Henryville-Ottawa-Binningen, 1982
72. Guillo, L.: „Les papiers à musique imprimés relevés dans le fonds Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 109-123
73. Hameline, J.-Y.: „Sébastien de Brossard et le plain-chant”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 141-161
74. Heckmann, H.: „Einleitung”. In: *Dictionnaire (sic, Я.К.) de musique, contenant une explication des Termes Grecs, Latins, Italiens, & François, les plus usitez dans la Musique*, seconde édition, 1705/R Hilversum, Frits Knuf, 1965
75. [http://j\\_mirou.club.fr/l3.htm#lecerf](http://j_mirou.club.fr/l3.htm#lecerf): относно Lecerf de la Viéville De Fréneuse
76. <http://site.voila.fr/SAGAPRESSE1/page6.html>: относно *Le Mercure Galant*
77. <http://www.berkshirehistory.com/bios/smorland.html> и [smorland2.html](http://www.berkshirehistory.com/bios/smorland2.html): относно Sir Samuel Morland
78. <http://www.cmbv.com/fr/bib/fsbib.htm>: за библиотеката „Себастиан дъо Бросар” на Центъра за френска барокова музика във Версай
79. <http://www.cmbv.com/fr/centre/fscentre.htm>: относно Centre de musique baroque de Versailles

80. <http://www.goodshepherdinstitute.org/musical-heritage/volume/1/benefits.php>:  
OTHOCHO Wolfgang Printz von Waldthurm
81. <http://www.mairie-fontes.fr/mercure.htm>: OTHOCHO *Le Mercure Galant*
82. <http://www.music.indiana.edu/cgi-bin/chmtl/isearchddm>: OTHOCHO *Bonnet u Bourdelot*
83. Jouve-Ganvert, S.: „Delair, Étienne Denis”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*, sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 211
84. Krucker, J. (1995): „L’œuvre religieux de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 267-284
85. Krucker, J.: „Introduction”. In: Brossard, S. de: *Les Grands motets*. Éditeur scientifique J. Krucker. Collection Monumentales III.2 – S. de Brossard, 1995, XLI-170 p. Avec: introduction (français/anglais), illustrations, notes critiques et annexes. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, p. V-XIV
86. Krucker, J.: „Originalité des motets de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 203-211
87. Krucker, J.: „Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Sébastien de Brossard – Cantiques Sacres*, CD, Opus Production, Paris, 1992 (OPS 30-69)
88. Krucker, J.: *Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730) et sa musique Religieuse*. Dissertation, Strasbourg, 1989
89. *La collection Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730). Catalogue*. Édité et présenté par Y. de Brossard. Paris, Bibliothèque nationale de France, 1994
90. Lebeau, El.: „Brossard, Sébastien de”. In: *Die Musik in Geschichte und Gegenwart. Allgemeine Enzyklopädie der Musik*, 15 Bde, Bärenreiter-Verlag Kassel – Basel – New York, 1949-73 (R1989 17 Bde, München, Deutscher Taschenbuch Verlag), Band 2, 1952, Kol. 333-337
91. Lebeau, El.: „L’entrée de la collection musicale de Sébastien de Brossard à la Bibliothèque du Roi d’après des documents inédits”. *Revue de Musicologie*, XXIX/95-96 (décembre 1950) XXIX/97-98 (juillet 1951)
92. Lionnet, J. (1992): „Les copies de musique italienne et leur diffusion”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 81-95
93. Lionnet, J. (1995): „Les limites du «goût italien» de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 117-124

94. Lionnet, J.: „Les choix italiens de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Editions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Editions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 11-23
95. Lionnet, J.: „Les limites du goût italien”. In: *Sébastien de Brossard à Versailles*. Editions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, 1995
96. Massip, C.: „Le catalogue de Sébastien de Brossard: richesse et lacunes d'un cadre méthodologique”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 103-108
97. Moureau, Fr. (1995): „Art et stratégie du vers dans les airs de Sébastien de Brossard”. In: *Le concert des muses. Promenade musicale dans le baroque français*. Textes réunis par J. Lionnet. Éditions du Centre de musique baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1997, p. 309-317
98. Ormont, H., éd.: „La bibliothèque du roi au début du règne de Louis XV (1718-1736) journal de l'abbé Jourdain, secrétaire de la bibliothèque”, *Mémoires de la Société de l'histoire de Paris et de l'Île de France*, xx (1893)
99. Pereyra, M.-L.: „Brossard, Sébastien de”. In: *Grove's Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, ed. E. Blom, London, Macmillan, 1954
100. Pilou, R.: „Sébastien de Brossard (1655-1730): un prêtre du diocèse du Mans, précurseur et autodidacte”. *Bulletin de la Société d'Agriculture Sciences et Arts de la Sarthe, Mémoires*, 1986, Le Mans, impr. Martin, 1987
101. Prieux, J.: *La cathédrale Saint-Etienne de Meaux*. Paris, Éditions Nolin, 1999
102. Ranum, P. M.: „À la recherche de son avenir: Sébastien de Brossard à Paris, 1678 à 1687”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, 283-306
103. Rasch, R.: „Brossard, Ballard et Roger”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 239-259
104. Roche, J.: „Donati, Ignazio”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980/R1996, vol. 5, p. 542-542
105. Roche, M.: “Basse continue ou continuo”. In: *Dictionnaire de la musique en France aux XVIIe et XVIIIe siècles*. Sous la direction de M. Benoit. Paris, Arthème Fayard, 1992, p. 55-56
106. Sajak, R.: *Sébastien de Brossard als Lexicograph, Bibliograph und Bearbeiter*. Dissertation, Philosophischen Fakultät, Rheinischen Friedrich-Wilhelms-Universität, Bonn, 1974
107. Sawkins, L.: „Brossard: musicologist, Lexicographer or musician?” In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, p. 231-237

108. Schneider, H.: „Le Dictionnaire de musique de S. de Brosard et le Musikalische Lexikon de J. G. Walther: essai d'analyse comparée”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, 261-280
109. Sharp, G. B.: „La Laurencie, Comte (Marie-Berband-)Lionel(-Jules) de”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980/R1996, vol. 10, p. 385-386
110. Skei, A. B.: “Handl [Händl, Hähnel, Handelius, ?Petelin], Jacob [Jakob] [Gallus, Jacobus]”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980/R1996, vol. 8, p. 140-142
111. Vendrix, Ph.: „Sébastien de Brossard: entre histoire de la théorie et théorie de l'histoire”. In: Duron, J. et al.: *Sébastien de Brossard, musicien*. Éditions du Centre de Musique Baroque de Versailles, Éditions Klincksieck, 1998, 127-139
112. Vogeles, M.: „Sébastien de Brossard Kappelmeister am Münster zu Strassburg (1689-1698)”. *Cæcilia*, 8 (1899) 9 (1899) 10 (1899)
113. Weaver, R. L.: „Waelrant, Hubert”. In: *The New Grove Dictionary of Music and Musicians*, 20 vol, ed. by St. Sadie, London, Macmillan Publishers Ltd, 1980, R/1996, vol. 20, p. 97-99
114. Williams, P.: *Figured Bass Accompagniment*. University Press, Edinburgh, 1970
115. Witzmann, W.: „Sébastien de Brossard als Carissimi-Samler”. *Die Musikforschung*, 3 (1982)

## II Concerning Neofit Rilski

116. Мишкова, Диана, Валери Колев (автори на българското приложение). В: Киндер, Херман, Вернер Хилгеман: *Атлас Световна история* (в 2 тома), том втори. Пловдив, Летера, 1999
117. Николов, Георги (автор на българското приложение). В: Киндер, Херман, Вернер Хилгеман: *Атлас Световна история* (в 2 тома), том първи. Пловдив, Летера, 1999
118. Киндер, Херман, Вернер Хилгеман: *Атлас Световна история* (в 2 тома). Пловдив, Летера, 1999
119. Радкова, Румяна: *Неофит Рилски и новобългарската култура. Първата половина на XIX век*. София, Науки и изкуство, 1975
120. Куомджиева, Светла: „Музикалната дейност на Неофит Рилски”. В: Българска музика, кн. 4, 1981, с. 33-39
121. Радкова, Румяна: *Българската интелигенция през Възраждането (XVIII – първата половина на XIX век)*. София, Наука и изкуство, 1986
122. Неврокопски митрополит Пимен: *Отец йеромонах Неофит Рилски*. София, Синодално издателство, 1984
123. Михайлов, Крум: „Ако те забравя, Отечество, забравена да бъде десницата ми! (Родът на Неофит Рилски)”. В: Михайлов, Крум и Димитър Шалев: *Стари български родове*. София, Издателство на Отечествения фронт, 1989, с. 50-82

124. Георгиев, Емил: „Неофит Рилски – патриарх на българските учители и книжовници”. В: Георгиев, Емил: *Люлка на старата и новата българска писменост*. София, Държавно издателство Народна просвета, 1980
125. *Българска енциклопедия*. София, Българска академия на науките, Българска енциклопедия, Книгоиздателска къща Труд, 1999
126. Чилингиров, Стилиян: „Неофит Рилски”. В: *Библиотека "Български писатели"*. Под ред. на М. Арнаудов. Т. I, София: Факел, 1929; *Библиотека "Български писатели"*. Т. I. Под ред. на Н. Аревов. Варна: LiterNet, 2003
127. *Български енциклопедичен речник 1999-2000*. В. Търново, Издателство „Е”, Габеров, 1999
128. Радев, Иван: *Йеромонах Неофит Рилски – от личността към делото му*. Електронно издателство LiterNet, 15.03.2006. Текстът е четен пред студенти и преподаватели на 18 ноември 2005 г. в ЮЗУ “Йеромонах Неофит Рилски”
129. Ванков, Никола Ив.: „Петър Берон”. В: *Библиотека "Български писатели"*. Под ред. на М. Арнаудов. Т. I, София: Факел, 1929; *Библиотека "Български писатели"*. Т. I. Под ред. на Н. Аревов. Варна: LiterNet, 2003